## Unit 8

## Operations with Rational Numbers

Operations with Rational Numbers Converting Fractions, Decimals \& Percents

Name: $\qquad$
Math Teacher: $\qquad$ _

Advanced Math 6
Unit 8 Calendar

| 3/25 | 3/26 | 3/27 | 3/28 | 3/29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Computer Lab | Mercedes Benz Field Trip | Classifying Rational Numbers \& Converting Fractions, Decimals and Percents | Adding Fractions Review \& Adding Rational Numbers | Adding Rational Numbers |
| IXL Skills Week of 3/25: J.1, J.3, J.4, J.6 |  |  |  |  |
| 4/1 | 4/2 | 4/3 | 4/4 | 4/5 |
| Spring Break - No School |  |  |  |  |
| 4/8 | 4/9 | 4/10 | 4/11 | 4/12 |
| Adding <br> Rational <br> Numbers | Adding Rational Numbers | Quiz \#1 | Subtracting Rational Numbers | Subtracting Rational Numbers |
| IXL Skills Week of 4/8: N.1, N.2, N.3, N. 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 4/15 | 4/16 | 4/17 | 4/18 | 4/19 |
| Subtracting Rational Numbers | Quiz \#2 | Milestone Review | Milestone Review | Milestone Review |
| IXL Skills Week of 4/15: N.5, N.6, N. 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 4/22 | 4/23 | 4/24 | 4/25 | 4/26 |
| Milestone Review | Milestone Review | Milestone Review | Milestone Review | Milestone Review |
| IXL Skills Week of 4/22: Review Skills that You Need to Work On |  |  |  |  |
| 4/29 | 4/30 | 5/1 | 5/2 | 5/3 |
| Multiplying/ Dividing Rational Numbers | Multiplying/ Dividing Rational Numbers | Review | Review | Unit 8 Test |
| IXL Skills Week of 4/29: N.8, N.9, N.10, N. 11 |  |  |  |  |

## Unit 8: Operations with Rational Numbers Standards, Checklist and Concept Map

## Georgia Standards of Excellence (GSE):

MGSE7.NS.1a: Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine to make 0 MGSE7.NS.1b: Understand $p+q$ as the number located a distance $|q|$ from $p$, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether $q$ is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
MGSE7.NS.1c: Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, $p-q=p+(-q)$. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
MGSE7.NS.1d: Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.
MGSE7.NS.2a: Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(-1)(-1)=1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing realworld contexts.
MGSE7.NS.2b: Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and a are integers, then $-(p / q)=(-p) / q=p /(-q)$. Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts

MGSE7.NS.2c: Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.

MGSE7.NS.2d: Convert a rational number to a decimal using long division; know that the decimal form of a rational number terminates in Os or eventually repeats.

MGSE7.NS.3: Solve real-world mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers.

What Will I Need to Learn?? Mark a check next to each concept as you master them.
$\qquad$ To show integer addition and subtraction on a number line
To understand that the sum of opposites is zero
To add and subtract integers, including in real-life situations (wd. problems)
Understand that subtracting is the same as adding the inverseHow to multiply integers

How to divide integersConvert fractions (rational numbers) to decimals
$\qquad$ How to solve problems with rational numbers

Unit 8 IXL Tracking Log

|  | Required Skills |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Skill | Your Score |
|  | J. 1 (Add \& Subtract Fractions w/ Like Denominators) |  |
|  | J. 3 (Add \& Subtract fractions w/ Unike Denominators) |  |
|  | J. 4 (Add \& Sub Fractions w/ Like Denominators, Word Problems) |  |
|  | J. 6 (Add and Subtract Mixed Numbers) |  |
|  | N. 1 (Add Integers Using Counters) |  |
|  | N. 2 (Add Integers) |  |
|  | N. 3 (subtract Integers Using Counters) |  |
|  | N. 4 (subtract integers) |  |
|  | N. 5 (Add and Subtract Integers: Find the Sign) |  |
|  | N. 6 (Add and Subtract Integers; Input/Output Tables) |  |
|  | N. 7 (Add Three or More Integers) |  |
| ¢ | N. 8 (Multiply Integers: Find the Sign) |  |
|  | N. 9 (Multiply Integers) |  |
|  | N. 10 (Divide Integers: Find the Sign) |  |
|  | N. 11 (Divide Integers) |  |

Unit 8 Concept Map: On a separate page, make a concept map of the standards listed above. Underline the verbs and circle the nouns they modify. Then, place those verbs on the connector lines of your concept map, and the nouns in the bubbles of the concept map.

## Unit 8 Vocabulary

| Vocabulary Term | Definition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Distributive Property | To multiply a sum by a number, multiply <br> each addend of the sum by the number <br> outside the parentheses. |
| Positive number | A number greater than zero |
| Negative number | A number less than zero |
| Opposite numbers | Two numbers with the same numeral but <br> opposite signs (they are the same <br> distance from zero on the number line, <br> in opposite directions) |
| Natural numbers | "Counting numbers" from one to infinity |
| Whole numbers | "Counting numbers" from zero to infinity <br> (all natural numbers and zero) |
| Integers | Whole numbers and their opposites |
| Rational numbers | A real number that can be written as an <br> integer, a fraction, or a repeating or <br> terminating decimal |



Unit 8 Vocabulary

| Vocabulary Term | Definition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Distributive Property |  |
| Positive number |  |
| Negative number |  |
| Opposite numbers |  |
| Natural numbers |  |
| Whole numbers |  |
| Integers |  |
| Rational numbers |  |

Classifying Rational Numbers
Converting Fractions to Decimals
To convert from a fraction to a decimal, you $\qquad$ the

Name
Date $\qquad$ Pd

## CLASSIFYiN9 NUMBERS MYSTERY PATTERNS

Determine which three colors you are using, color the key, number: whole, integer, or rational.
whole
integer rational

| 15 | 9.0 | 100 | $\frac{4}{2}$ | 7.0 | 0.0 | $\frac{14}{2}$ | 67 | 13 | 18 | $\frac{32}{8}$ | 91 | 452 | 11.0 | $\frac{18}{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -11 | -1.0 | 1.7 | -81 | -14 | -9.0 | -17 | -1.2 | $-\frac{28}{4}$ | $-\frac{8}{2}$ | -64 | $-\frac{72}{9}$ | -7.1 | -6 | $-\frac{10}{1}$ |
| $-\frac{77}{7}$ | 5.9 | 14.1 | $-\frac{1}{8}$ | -13 | $--\frac{36}{4}$ | -9.1 | 4.9 | $-\frac{15}{4}$ | -10 | $-\frac{65}{5}$ | $-\frac{21}{8}$ | 5.3 | $\frac{34}{7}$ | -33 |
| -91 | -77 | $\frac{14}{3}$ | -18 | $-\frac{100}{2}$ | -111 | -99 | $\frac{25}{3}$ | $-\frac{33}{3}$ | -55 | -53 | $-\frac{63}{7}$ | $\frac{30}{7}$ | -37 | $-\frac{54}{9}$ |
| $\frac{60}{5}$ | 90 | 1.0 | $\frac{24}{4}$ | 8.0 | 99 | 567 | $\frac{20}{2}$ | 89 | 727 | 999 | $\frac{88}{11}$ | $\frac{50}{5}$ | 365 | $\frac{75}{5}$ |
| 0 | $--\frac{33}{3}$ | $-\frac{66}{2}$ | 890 | -88 | -50 | 178 | -42 | $-\frac{56}{7}$ | 548 | $-\frac{120}{6}$ | -70 | $\frac{60}{10}$ | -47 | -93 |
| 14 | 231 | -45 | $\frac{28}{4}$ | 71 | $-\frac{45}{9}$ | 30 | $\frac{40}{5}$ | -61 | 99 | 17 | $-\frac{36}{6}$ | 6.0 | 1.0 | -12 |
| 41.1 | 9.8 | -8.1 | $-\frac{7}{3}$ | $\frac{7}{4}$ | -2.1 | $-\frac{19}{2}$ | 13.1 | $\frac{17}{3}$ | 9.9 | 61.1 | $\frac{27}{5}$ | $-\frac{26}{5}$ | -7.8 | $\frac{11}{4}$ |
| $-\frac{7}{8}$ | $--\frac{55}{5}$ | 23.1 | $-\frac{70}{7}$ | -3.1 | $-\frac{60}{4}$ | $-\frac{13}{2}$ | $-\frac{45}{15}$ | -5.5 | $-\frac{85}{5}$ | $\frac{57}{6}$ | $-\frac{90}{6}$ | -12.1 | $-\frac{125}{25}$ | $\frac{41}{2}$ |
| $-\frac{82}{2}$ | -5.6 | $-\frac{66}{2}$ | 67.2 | $-\frac{100}{10}$ | $-\frac{100}{9}$ | $-\frac{80}{4}$ | 90.5 | $-\frac{39}{13}$ | -3.3 | $-\frac{42}{6}$ | $-\frac{15}{4}$ | $-\frac{35}{7}$ | 78.3 | $-\frac{52}{2}$ |
| $-\frac{1}{5}$ | 7.3 | $\frac{3}{10}$ | 2.2 | -9.2 | 4.5 | $-\frac{17}{4}$ | 61.2 | $\frac{7}{9}$ | 4.67 | 0.98 | 3.5 | 0.32 | $-\frac{4}{5}$ | 1.5 |
| 59 | 34 | 101 | 5.0 | $\frac{4}{2}$ | $\frac{42}{6}$ | $\frac{35}{7}$ | $\frac{81}{9}$ | 156 | 249 | 100 | 900 | 0 | $\frac{120}{6}$ | $\frac{48}{12}$ |
| $\frac{108}{6}$ | $-\frac{88}{4}$ | 825 | $-\frac{48}{3}$ | $\frac{36}{9}$ | $-\frac{28}{7}$ | $\frac{4}{1}$ | $-\frac{12}{4}$ | 4.0 | $-\frac{15}{3}$ | 301 | $-\frac{18}{3}$ | 9.0 | $-\frac{99}{9}$ | $\frac{100}{25}$ |
| 38 | $\frac{60}{12}$ | $\frac{9}{3}$ | 504 | 3.0 | $\frac{121}{11}$ | 15 | 209 | $\frac{56}{7}$ | 88 | 64 | $\frac{19}{1}$ | 79 | 709 | $\frac{33}{11}$ |
| $-\frac{4}{5}$ | -6.7 | 3.25 | $\frac{9}{12}$ | $-\frac{6}{4}$ | -7.8 | -2.9 | 8.88 | 4.56 | -0.7 | $-\frac{23}{4}$ | 0.45 | 8.7 | $\frac{65}{3}$ | -0.2 |

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$\qquad$ by the _.


$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow 3 \div 4 \\
4 \longdiv { 3 1 0 0 } \\
\hline \frac{3}{4}=0.75 \begin{array}{r}
-28 \downarrow \\
\hline \frac{-20}{20}
\end{array}
\end{gathered}
$$

You Try:

1) $\frac{2}{5}=$ $\qquad$ 2) $\frac{2}{8}=$ $\qquad$ 3) $\frac{13}{20}=$ $\qquad$
2) $1 \frac{1}{2}=$ $\qquad$ 5) $\frac{5}{7}=$ $\qquad$ 6) $\frac{1}{9}=$ $\qquad$

## Converting Decimals to Fractions

If you can $\qquad$ it as a decimal, you can $\qquad$ it as
a fraction. Say the decimal using the correct place value, write it as a fraction and simplify.

## Examples:

| Change 0.25 to a fraction. | Change 0.4 to a fraction. | Change 1.04 to a fraction. | Change 2.001 to a fraction. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Say "twenty-five hundredths." | Say "four tenths." | Say "one and four hundredths." | Say "two and one thousandth." |
| $\frac{25}{100} \div \frac{25}{\div} \frac{25}{25}=\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{4}{10} \stackrel{\div}{\div} \stackrel{2}{\div} \frac{2}{2}=\frac{2}{5}$ | $1 \frac{4}{100} \underset{\div}{\div} \div \frac{4}{4}=1 \frac{1}{25}$ | $2 \frac{1}{1000}$ |

## You Try:

1) $0.3=$ $\qquad$ 2) $0.45=$ $\qquad$ 3) $7.1=$ $\qquad$
2) $3.5=$ $\qquad$
3) $0.625=$ $\qquad$ 6) $2.002=$ $\qquad$
4) $1.125=$ $\qquad$ 8) $10.01=$ $\qquad$ 9) $1.20=$ $\qquad$

## Fractions, Decimals \& Percents

## EXAMPLE Changing a Percent to a Fraction

Express $35 \%$ as a fraction.

- Change the percent directly to a fraction with a denominator of 100 . The number of the percent becomes the numerator of the fraction.

$$
35 \%=\frac{35}{100}
$$

- Simplify, if possible.

$$
\frac{35}{100}=\frac{7}{20}
$$

$35 \%$ expressed as a fraction is $\frac{7}{20}$.

## EXAMPLE Changing Decimals to Percents

Express 0.7 as a percent.
$0.7 \times 100=70$

- Multiply the decimal by 100.
$0.7 \rightarrow 70 \%$
- Add the percent sign.

So, 0.7 expressed as a percent is $70 \%$.

## EXAMPLE Changing Percents to Decimals

Change $4 \%$ to a decimal.

- Express the percent as a fraction with 100 as the denominator.

$$
4 \%=\frac{4}{100}
$$

- Change the fraction to a decimal by dividing the numerator by the denominator.

$$
4 \div 100=0.04
$$

So, $4 \%=0.04$.

Converting Practice

| Percent | Decimal | Fraction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $32 \%$ | 0.32 | $\frac{32}{100} \frac{\div}{\div} \frac{4}{4}=\frac{8}{25}$ |
|  | 0.81 |  |
| $40 \%$ |  | $\frac{4}{5}$ |
| $52 \%$ | 1.25 |  |
|  |  | $\frac{9}{11}$ |
|  |  | $\frac{12}{16}$ |
| $144 \%$ | 0.06 |  |
|  |  |  |

## Adding/Subtracting Fraction Review

| Adding Fractions with Like Denominators |
| :--- |
| $\qquad$$\frac{1}{7}+\frac{3}{7}$ <br> Add the numerators. <br> Denominator is unchanged. <br>  <br>  |

Adding Fractions with Unlike Denominators

| $\frac{1}{8}+\frac{2}{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rewrite with common <br> denominator | $3 \times \frac{1}{8}+\frac{2}{3} \times 8$ |
| Add the numerators | $\frac{3}{24}+\frac{16}{24}$ |
|  | $\frac{19}{24}$ |

## Adding Fractions with the same denominator



## Subtraction Fractions with

 UNLIKE denominators$$
\frac{5}{6}-\frac{3}{9}=
$$

1. Find the LCM of the denominators. This is your new denominator.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Mumpins of } 3-1.12 .18 \\
\text { Mumples of } 3+2.18 .27
\end{array} \quad \text { LCM }=18
$$

2. Rewrite the problem using the LCM.

$$
\frac{5}{6} \times 3=\frac{3 \times 2}{9 \times 2}=\frac{15}{18}=\frac{6}{18}
$$

## 3. Subtract the numerators. The denominator

 stays the same.$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{15}{18}-\frac{6}{18}=\frac{9}{18} \\
\frac{9}{18}+8=\frac{1}{2}
\end{gathered}
$$

4. Simplify

Oivide by the Oreatest Camimen Fattor.

Directions: Write the fraction for each diagram. Then, add the fractions. Make sure the denominators are the same.



## Adding Rational Numbers

To add rational numbers with the same sign, add their absolute values.
The sum is:

- positive if both integers are positive.
- negative if both integers are negative.

To add rational numbers with different signs, subtract their absolute values.
The sum is:

- positive if the positive integer's absolute value is greater.
- negative if the negative integer's absolute value is greater.
- Remember: What do you have more of, positives or negatives, and how many more do you have?


## Examples:

1. Find $-3+(-2)$.

Start at 0. Move 3 units down to show -3.

From there, move 2 units down to show -2 .

So, $-3+(-2)=-5$.

2. Find $\mathbf{- 2 6}+(\mathbf{- 1 7})$.
$-26+(-17)=-43$
3. Find $5+(-3)$.


So, $5+(-3)=2$.
So, $-3+2=-1$.
4. Find $-3+2$.



Then cross out your zero pairs.
**Remember that the sum of a number and its opposite is always 0 . A number and its opposite are zero pairs.**

There are three
positives left so,
$5+(-2)=3$

## You Try:

Use (+) and (-) counters or a number line to find the sum.

1) $-5+(-2)$
2) $8+1$
3) $-7+10$
4) $16+(-11)$
5) $-22+(-7)$
6) $-50+50$
7) $-10+(-10)$
8) $100+(-25)$
9) $-35+(-20)$

Use any method to find the sum.
10) $-7+(-3)+10$
11) $-42+36+(-36)$
12) $-17+17+9$
13) $5+(-8)$
14) $-3+3$
15) $-3+(-8)$
16) $-7+(-7)$
17) $-8+10$
18) $-7+13$
19) $\frac{5}{8}+\frac{1}{8}$
20) $-\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{4}$
21) $-\frac{7}{15}+\left(-\frac{4}{15}\right)$
22) $-1.4+(-1.3)$
23) $1.4+(-.27)$
24) $-28+1.6$
25) $5+11+(-5)$
26) $7+(-5)+5$
27) $9+(-9)+10$

Write an addition expression to describe each situation. Then find each sum.
28) HAWK A hawk is in a tree 100 feet above the
ground. It flies down to the ground.
29) RUNNING Leah ran 6 blocks north then back 4 blocks south.

Answer the problems below and connect the dots in the order they are given. The pattern is started for you. Note: The two patterns are not connected together.


## Adding Integers with Models

| Problem | Sum | With Counters | Number Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) $3+(-5)=$ |  |  |  |
| 2) $2+(-8)=$ |  |  | -10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3 $4+4$ +6 $6+7+8+9+10$ |
| 3) $4+(-4)=$ |  |  |  |
| 4) $(-7)+4=$ |  |  | -10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10 |
| 5) $(-6)+5=$ |  |  | ${ }_{-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10}$ |

What is the algorithm (rule) for adding integers with DIFFERENT signs?

| Problem | Sum | With Counters | Number Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) $-5+-2=$ |  |  | $\overbrace{-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10}$ |
| 2) $-2+-3=$ |  |  | -10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1 $+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10$ |
| 3) $-2+-4=$ |  |  | $\stackrel{40-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10}{ }$ |
| 4) $7+4=$ |  |  | $\underbrace{}_{-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10}$ |
| 5) $-2+-3=$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow[-70-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10]{ }$ |

What is the algorithm (rule) for adding integers with the SAME signs?

More Adding Rational Numbers
If $a=-3, b=-5$ and $c=5$, find the sum.

1) $c+b$
2) $a+|b|$
3) $|a+b|$
4) $a+b+c$
5) $a+|c+b|$
6) $a+c$

If $x=-10, y=2$ and $z=-1$, find the sum.
7) $x+z$
8) $|z|+x$
9) $|x+y+z|$
10) $z+y$
11) $x+y$
12) $|x+y|+z$

Write an addition expression to describe each situation. Then find each sum.
13) FOOTBALL A team gains 20 yards. Then they lose 7 yards.
14) MONEY Roger owes his mom $\$ 5$. He borrows another $\$ 6$ from her.
15) HOT AIR BALLOON A balloon rises 340 feet into the air. Then it descends 130 feet.
16) CYCLING A cyclist travels downhill for 125 feet. Then she travels up a hill 50 feet.

## Subtracting Rational Numbers

Are you able to add rational numbers? Then you are able to subtract integers.

To subtract an integer, add its additive inverse. In other words, you subtract rational numbers by adding the opposite.


## Examples:

1. Find 8-13.

$$
\begin{aligned}
8-13 & =8+(-13) & & \text { To subtract } 13, \text { add }-13 . \\
& =-5 & & \text { Simplify. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Check by adding $\quad \begin{aligned}-5+13 & \stackrel{?}{=} 8 \\ 8 & =8 \checkmark\end{aligned}$
2. Find - $\mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{- 7}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
-10-7 & =-10+(-7) & & \text { To subtract } 7, \text { add }-7 . \\
& =-17 & & \text { Simplify. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Check by adding } \quad \begin{aligned}
-17+7 & \stackrel{?}{=}-10 \\
-10 & =-10
\end{aligned}
$$

## You Try:

## Subtract.

1) $5-2$
2) $6-(-7)$
3) $-3-2$
4) $8-13$
5) $-7-(-7)$
6) $6-12$
7) $15-(-7)$
8) $-15-6$
9) $-3-8$
10) $-10-12$
11) $13-(-12)$
12) $14-(-22)$
13) $10-(-20)$
14) $-16-14$
15) $-25-25$
16) $6-(-31)$
17) $-18-(-40)$
18) $15-(-61)$

Evaluate each expression if $r=-4, s=10$, and $t=-7$.
19) $r-7$
20) $t-s$
21) $s-(-8)$
22) $t-r$
23) $s-t$
24) $r-s$
25) FOOTBALL A team gained 5 yards on their first play of the game. Then they lost 6 yards. Find the total change in yardage.
26) CHECKING Your checking account is overdrawn by $\$ 50$. You write a check for $\$ 20$. What is the balance in your account?
27) TEMPERATURE The average temperature in Calgary,

Canada, is $22^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in July and $-11^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in January. Find the range of the highest and lowest temperatures in Calgary.

Evaluate each expression if $\mathbf{x}=-8, y=7$, and $\mathbf{z = - 1 1}$.
28) $x-7$
29) $-13-y$
30) $-11-z$
31) $x-z$
32) $z-y$
33) $y-x$
34) $x-(-z)$
35) $|y-z|$
36) $x-z-y$
37) $3+-x$

## Subtracting Integers with Models

| Problem | Sum | With Counters | Number Line |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) $3-2=$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow[-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10]{ }$ |
| 2) $-2-(-1)=$ |  |  | $\underbrace{}_{-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10}$ |
| 3) $4-(-4)=$ |  |  | -10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5 $6+7+8+9+10$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4) }(-7)-(-4) \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow[-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10]{ }$ |
| 5) $6-10=$ |  |  |  |
| 6) $-5-(-2)=$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow[-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10]{ }$ |
| 7) $-2-(-3)=$ |  |  | -10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10 |
| 8) $2-4=$ |  |  | $\underbrace{\longrightarrow}_{-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10}$ |
| 9) $1-(-9)=$ |  |  | $\underbrace{}_{-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10}$ |
| 10) $-2-(-3)=$ |  |  | -10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2-10+1+2+3+4+5 $6+7+8+9+10$ |

What is the algorithm (rule) for subtracting integers?

## Solving One-step Equations +/-

Solving a one-step equation with integers requires you to create zero pairs to isolate the variable.

## Examples:

\#1 Solve: | $r+5$ | $=-10$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| -5 | -5 |
| $r$ | $=-15$ |

Check: $\quad r+5=-10$

$$
\begin{aligned}
-15+5 & =-10 \\
-10 & =-10
\end{aligned}
$$

Check: $p-(-3)=-6$

$$
p+3=-6
$$

$$
-9-(-3)=-6
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
-3 & -3
\end{array}
$$

$$
-9+3=-6
$$

$$
p=-9
$$

$$
-6=-6 \quad \checkmark
$$

## Mixed Practice

## Find the sum or difference.

1. $-3+5$
2. $-7+(-7)$
3. $3-7$
4. $-2+2+(-2)+2$
5. $4+9+(-14)$
6. $-120+2$
7. $-5-4$
8. $6+(-2)-(-3)$
9. $0-(-14)$
10. $-69+-(32)$
11. $-20-0$
12. $-30-2-(-20)$
13. $|-13|-|13|$
14. $6+(-4)+9+(-2)$
15. $-5-4$

You Try!
Evaluate each expression if $r=-5, s=11$, and $t=-6$.
Solve each equation. Don't forget to check your answer.

1. $x-13=-22$
2. $x-(-4)=10$
3. $y+16=-2$
4. $s-(-8)$
5. $t-r$
6. $r-7$
7. $t-s$
8. $z+(-5)=12$
9. $t+(-7)=-5$
10. $r-(-12)=-17$
11. $s-t$
12. $r-s$

Solve each equation. Don't forget to check your answer.
8. $j+23=54$
9. $y-14=9$
10. $e+(-13)=-2$

1. $x-(-4)=7$
2. $y+3=-12$
3. $z-5=-15$

## Multiplying Rational Numbers

The PRODUCT of two rational numbers with the same sign is always positive.

## Examples:

1) $2(6)=12$
2) $-10(-6)=60$
3) $(-4)^{2}=16$

## You Try:

1) $-12(-4)=$
2) $(-5)^{2}=$
3) $6(7)=$
4) $-34(-2)=$
5) $-20(-8)=$
6) $(-2)^{4}$

The PRODUCT of two rational numbers with different signs is always negative.

## Examples:

1) $6(-4)=-24$
2) $-5(7)=-35$

You Try:

1) $-7(11)=$
2) $(-3)^{3}=$
3) $-2(14)=$
4) $(-3)(-4)(-5)=$
5) $(-9)(-1)(-5)=$
6) $8(-12)=$

Evaluate each expression if $a=-6, b=-4, c=3$, and $d=9$. Show all work including substitution and computation.
7) $-5 c=$
8) $b^{2}=$
9) $2 a=$
10) $b c=$
11) $a b c=$
12) $a b c^{3}=$
30. $-3 a^{2}=$
31. $-c d^{2}=$
32. $-2 a+b=$

MULTIPLYING INTEGERS - A


SOLVE


| 2. $(-5) \cdot+7=$ <br> THE SICNS ARE DIFFERENT. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 4. | (-6) | . $+8=$ |
| 6. | 4 | . $-6=$ |
| 8. | 9 | * (-9) $=$ |
| 10. | (-9) | . $(-9)=$ |
| 12. | -5 | $3=$ |
| 14. | (-7) | * $(-6)=$ |
| 16. | $+9$ | + $13=$ |
| 18. | 12 | . $(-5)=$ |
| 20. | (-4) | - $(-4)=$ |
| 22. | -7 | * (-9) $=$ |
| 24. | $+5$ | . $-6=$ |
| 26. | 0 | . $(-4)=$ |
| 28. | 6 | * $(+7)=$ |
| 30. | -9 | + $(-9)=$ |
| 30. | $(+2)$ | . $13=$ |

## Dividing Rational Numbers

The QUOTIENT of two rational numbers with the same sign is always positive.

## Examples:

1) $80 \div(10)=8$
2) $\frac{-66}{-11}=6$
3) $-42 \div(-6)=7$

## You Try:

1) $-14 \div(-7)=$
2) $\frac{-80}{-20}=$
3) $-420 \div(-3)=$
4) $\frac{540}{45}=$
5) $-24 \div(-8)=$
6) $100 \div(-0)=$

The QUOTIENT of two rational numbers with different signs is always negative.

## Examples:

1) $80 \div(-10)=-8$
2) $\frac{-66}{11}=-6$
3) $-42 \div 6=-7$

You Try:

1) $-12 \div 4=$
2) $\frac{18}{-2}=$
3) $-10 \div 10=$
4) $350 \div(-25)=$
5) $\frac{-256}{16}=$
6) $-12 \div(4)=$

Evaluate each expression if $d=-24, e=-4, \& f=8$. Show all work including substitution and computation.
7) $12 \div e$
8) $40 \div f$
9) $d \div 6$
10) $d \div e$
11) $f \div e$
12) $e^{2} \div f$
13) $\frac{-d}{e}$
14) ef $\div 2$
15) $\frac{f+8}{-4}$

DIVIDING INTEGERS - A


SOLVE.


|  | THE SIONS ARE DIFFERENT. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4. | $33 \div(-3)=$ |
| 6. | $(-81) \div(-9)=$ |
| 8. | $(+16) \div+4=$ |
| 10. | $(-27) \div-3=$ |
| 12. | $54 \div 9=$ |
| 14. | $+42 \div(-6)=$ |
| 16. | $(-18) \div(-6)=$ |
| 18. | $39 \div(-3)=$ |
| 20. | $(-60) \div 5$ |
| 22. | $(-8) \div(-1)=$ |
| 24. | $22 \div-2=$ |
| 26. | $(+25) \div 5=$ |
| 28. | $+36 \div(-4)=$ |
| 30. | $(-45) \div(+9)=$ |
| 32. | $-24 \div 12=$ |

MULTIPLYING AND DIVIDING INTEGERS RULES
(ONLY USED FOR MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION)


Put your fingers over the two signs of the numbers in your problem. The remaining sign is the sign of the answer.


Cover the two signs in any row column or diagonal the remaining sign is the sign of your answer.

## Mulitiplying and Dividing Practice

Multiply and/or Divide.

1) $-15 \div 3=$
2) $-30(5)=$
3) $22 \div(-2)=$
4) $-14(-6)=$
5) $-8 \div(-8)=$
6) $-7(15)=$
7) $225 \div(-15)=$
8) $7(-3)=$
9) $-38 \div 2=$
10) $-2(-10)=$
11) $-500 \div(-50)=$
12) $-3(-3)(4)=$
13) $(-5)^{2}=$
14) $-24 \div(-8)=$
15) $20(-6)=$
16) $-49 \div(-7)=$
17) $(-13)^{2}=$
18) $\frac{-36}{-4}=$
19) $-3(4)=$
20) $\frac{0}{-9}=$
21) $3(-3)=$
22) $\frac{64}{4}=$
23) $(-5)(-3)(4)=$
24) $-189 \div(-21)=$

Evaluate each expression if $m=-32, n=2$, and $p=-8$. Show all your work!
25) $m \div n=$
26) $\mathrm{p} \div 4=$
27) $p^{2} \div m=$
28) $m \div p=$
29) $\frac{-p}{n}=$
30) $\mathrm{p} \div\left(-\mathrm{n}^{2}\right)=$
31) $\frac{p}{4 n}=$
32) $\frac{18-n}{-4}=$
33) $\frac{m+8}{-4}=$
35) $m n p=$
36) $m \div n=$
34) $\frac{m+n}{6}=$


## Solving One-Step Equations x/〒

Solving a one-step equation with integers requires you to create zero pairs to isolate the variable.

## Examples:

\#1

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Solve: } \quad-2 x=12 \\
& \div-2 \quad \div-2 \\
& x=-6
\end{aligned}
$$

Check: $-2 x=12$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-2(-6)=-12 \\
-12=-12
\end{array}
$$

\#2

$$
\text { Solve: } \begin{aligned}
\quad \frac{x}{-5} & =-7 \\
(-5) \frac{x}{-5} & =-7(-5) \\
x & =35
\end{aligned}
$$

Check: $\frac{x}{-5}=-7$
$\frac{-35}{-5}=-7$

$$
--7=-7 \quad \checkmark
$$

You Try!
Solve each equation. Don't forget to check your answer.

| Solve | Check |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1) $\frac{x}{5}=-2$ |  |
| 2) $-40=-5 p$ |  |
| 3) $-2=\frac{m}{16}$ |  |
| 4) $-11 k=22$ |  |
| 5) $\frac{a}{29}=5$ |  |
| 6) $-22 a=-418$ |  |

Mixed Operation Practice Add, Subtract, Multiply or Divide.

| $1) 4-19=$ | 2) $-1820 \div(-20)=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3) $-44+(-95)=$ | 4) $38-54=$ |
| 5 $82 \cdot 86=$ | 6) $-3675 \div(-75)=$ |
| 7) $-14-2=$ | 8) $46-60=$ |
| 9) $82 \cdot 65=$ | 10) $56 \cdot(-41)=$ |
| 11) $13 \cdot 62=$ | 12) $57 \cdot(-7)=$ |
| 13) $-1860 \div(-31)=$ | 16) $43 \cdot(-78)=$ |
| 15) $80+63=$ | 18) $-6+64=$ |
| 17) $31+(-60)=$ | 20) $5-8=$ |
| 19) $17+89=$ | 22) $38+53=$ |
| 21) $7161 \div(-77)=$ | 24) $-1260 \div(-30)=$ |
| 23) $-56 \cdot(-55)=$ | 26) $71 \cdot 77=$ |
| 25) $-18-98=$ | 28) $56+(-20)=$ |
| 29) $1610 \div 46=(-88)=$ | 30) $-168 \div 2=$ |

## Unit 8 End of Unit Study Guide

## Knowledge and Understanding

1) What is the algorithm for adding with negative numbers?
2) a) What is the sum of two numbers that are the same distance from zero on the number line?
b) What are they called?
3) Model the problem -6-2 using + and - counters:

## Proficiency of Skills

4) $10-(-7)=$ $\qquad$
5) $(2)(12)(-5)=$
6) $(-150) \div(-15)=$ $\qquad$ 7) $(8.1)+(-1)+(-7.1)=$
7) $(-1.3)-(-4.3)=$ $\qquad$ 9) $(-5)(2-8)=$ $\qquad$
8) Convert $\frac{2}{9}$ to a decimal: $\qquad$
9) Convert 1.08 to a fraction: $\qquad$

## Application

12) Order from least to greatest: $-\frac{1}{4},-\frac{6}{8}, 1 \frac{4}{5},-0.5,1.4$
13) If $b$ represents a negative number, is $b \cdot b$ a positive or negative number?

Pg.20a
14) A submarine 530 feet below sea level descends an additional 100 feet before ascending 120 feet. What is the location of the submarine?
a) 750 ft below sea level
b) 550 ft below sea level
c) 510 ft below sea level
d) 510 ft above sea level
15) Which two integers have a product of -30 and a sum of -7 ?
a) -3 and - 10
b) -3 and -4
C) 3 and - 10
d) 2 and - 15
16) The temperature at 9 AM was $11^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. The temperature dropped 4 degrees per hour for the next three hours. What is the temperature at noon?
a). $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
b) $-7^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
c) $-1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
d) $-2^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
17) What addition expression is represented by the model below?

18) What subtraction expression is represented by the model below?

19) When the following fractions are converted to decimals, which one will result in a repeating decimal?
A. $\frac{7}{10}$
B. $\frac{5}{12}$
C. $\frac{5}{8}$
D. $\frac{3}{5}$
20) For your birthday, you decide to go parasailing over the ocean. You're peacefully sailing at 120 feet above sea level, and then you ascend 25 feet. Finally, you decide to dive into the ocean, and you fall 165 feet. Describe your new location. Justify your answer with an illustration, an equation, and/or complete sentences.

