Unit 4 IXL Log

## Unit 4

## One-Step Equations \& Inequalities

Checking Solutions to Equations Solving Equations Writing Equations
Checking Solutions to Inequalities Writing Inequalities
Graphing Inequalities on Number Lines Independent \& Dependent Variables

Direct Variation

|  | Required Skills |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Skill | Your Score |
|  | Z.1 (Does x satisfy an equation?) |  |
|  | Z.4 (Model and solve equations with algebra tiles) |  |
|  | Z.6 (Solve one-step equations with whole \#s) |  |
|  | Z. 7 (Solve one-step equations with decimals, fractions, and mixed numbers) |  |
|  | Z.3 (Write an equation from words) |  |
|  | Z.8 (Solve one-step equation word problems) |  |
|  | R. 14 (Identify proportional relationships from graphs) |  |
|  | R. 15 (Identify proportional relationships from tables) |  |
|  | R. 17 (Interpret graphs of proportional relationships) |  |
|  | AA. 1 (Solutions to inequalities) |  |
|  | AA. 2 (Graph inequalities on number lines) |  |
|  | AA. 3 (Write inequalities from number lines) |  |
|  | AA. 4 (Solve one-step inequalities) |  |

## Unit 4: One-Step Equations and Inequalities Standards, Checklist and Concept Map

## Georgia Standards of Excellence (GSE):

GSE6.EE.5: Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine if a given number in a set makes an equation or inequality true.

GSE 6.EE.6: Use variables to represent numbers and write expression when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set

GSE 6.EE.7: Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form $\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{p}=\mathrm{q}$ and $\mathrm{px}=\mathrm{q}$ for cases in which $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ and x are all nonnegative rational numbers.

GSE 6.EE.8 : Write an inequality of the form $\mathrm{x}>\mathrm{c}$ or $\mathrm{x}<\mathrm{c}$ to represent a constraint or condition in real-world problem. Recognize that inequalities of the form $x>c$ or $x$ <c have infinitely many solutions; represent solutions of such inequalities on number line diagrams.

GSE 6.EE.9 : Use variables to represent two quantities in a real-world problem that change in relationship to one another; write an equation to express one quantity, thought of as the dependent variable, in terms of the other quantity, thought of as the independent variable. Analyze the relationship between the dependent and independent variables using graphs and tables, and relate these to the equation. For example, in a problem involving motion at constant speed, list and graph ordered pairs of distances and times, and use the equation $d=65$ t to show the relationship between distance and time.

What Will I Need to Learn??Write expressions (from word problems) with a variable that represents a number
$\qquad$ To substitute to check the solution of an equationWrite equations based on real-world problems
Solve equations based on real-world problems
To substitute to check the solution of an inequality
Write inequalities to represent real-world problems and represent on number line

Show relationships between two variables (independent and dependent) using an equation, a table, and a graph

Math 6/7
Unit 4 Calendar

| 10/21 | 10/22 | 10/23 | 10/24 | 10/25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit 4 <br> Pre-test <br> Vocab, <br> Intro to Equations | AIMS Expression Activity | Solving One-Step Equations | Computer Lab; Intro to Project | HW Stars Reward |
| 10/28 | 10/29 | 10/30 | 10/31 | 11/1 |
| Equation Word Problems | Equation Word Problems | Direct Variation | Direct Variation | Quiz |
| 11/4 | 11/5 | 11/6 | 11/7 | 11/8 |
| Inequalities | No School Election Day | Computer Lab | Inequalities | Brief Quiz on Inequalities |
| 11/11 | 11/12 | 11/13 | 11/14 | 11/15 |
| Who's the Boss Performance Task | Who's the Boss Performance Task | Who's the Boss Performance Task | Review | Test |

## Unit 4 - Vocabulary

| Term | Definition |
| :--- | :--- |
| Constant of <br> proportionality | The constant $k$ in a direct variation <br> equation; it is the ratio of $\frac{y}{x}$, or of <br> $\frac{\text { dependent variable }}{\text { independent variable }}$. It is the same as unit <br> rate. |
| Dependent <br> Variable | The "output" or $y$ value, which "depends" <br> on the input ( $x$ value/independent <br> variable) |
| Direct Proportion <br> (Direct Variation) | A relationship between two variables, $x$ <br> (indpependent) and $y$ (dependent) that <br> can be written as $y$-kx, where $k \neq 0$ |
| Equation | A mathematical sentence containing an <br> equal sign, showing two equivalent values |
| Independent <br> Variable | The "input" or $x$ value, which determines <br> the "output" or $y$ value/dependent <br> variable |
| Inequality | A statement showing that two values are <br> NOT equal, using one of the following <br> signs: $>,<, \geq, \leq$ or $\neq$ |
| Inverse <br> Operation | Opposite operations that "undo" each <br> other |
| Variable | A symbol, usually a letter, that represents <br> a number |

Unit 4 - Vocabulary - You Try

| Term | Definition and/or Example |
| :--- | :--- |
| Constant of <br> proportionality |  |
| Dependent <br> Variable |  |
| Direct Proportion <br> (Direct Variation) |  |
| Equation |  |
| Independent <br> Variable |  |
| Inequality |  |
| Inverse <br> Operation |  |
| Variable |  |

## Math 6/7 - Unit 4: One-Step Equations and Inequalities Study Guide

1) Thoroughly explain how to solve an equation.
2) Explain how to graph the solution to an inequality.

Solve each equation. Remember to show all work and perform the inverse operation to BOTH sides of the equation!
3) $t-2 \frac{1}{2}=2 \frac{1}{2}$
4) $\frac{n}{0.2}=100$
5) $r+19.85=49$
6) $5.5 x=44$

Write and graph the solution to each inequality.
7) Andrea's grade was higher than an 85.

8) The speed limit is 45 miles per hour. $\qquad$

9) Riders must be at least $54^{\prime \prime}$ tall to ride the Goliath. $\qquad$

10) Daneya spends half as many hours doing homework as her older brother, Dejon. If Dejon spends 4 hours doing her homework, write an equation and solve for the number of hours, $x$, that Daneya does homework.

Equation: $\qquad$ Solution: $\qquad$ Work:
11) Fiona had $x$ dollars in her bank account. After spending $\$ 675$ on Christmas gifts, she has $\$ 562.57$ left in her account.

Equation: $\qquad$ Solution: $\qquad$ Work:
12) The weight limit on a cargo plane is 20 Tons. Write an inequality to represent the weight limit, $w$, and graph it.

Inequality: $\qquad$

13) What inequality is graphed on the number line? $\qquad$

14) Which of the following is NOT a solution to $8 \leq z$ ?
A. 7
B. 8
C. 9
D. 10
15) Write an equation for each scenario. Then, solve each one.
A. Jamie sold 240 newspaper subscriptions each month for 12 months. What is $x$, the total number of newspaper subscriptions that Jamie sold in 1 year?

Equation: $\qquad$ Solution: $\qquad$ Work:
B. Brenna cycled a total of 240 miles this month. She cycled 12 miles less this month than last month. What is $x$, the number of miles Brenna cycled last month?

Equation: $\qquad$ Solution: $\qquad$
Work: -
6) What equation is shown?
a. $y=\frac{1}{3} x$
b. $y=2 x$
C. $y=3 x$
d. $y=10 x$


## Solutions to Equations

Solutions to equations are values for the variables that make the two sides equal.

Think of a correct equation as a balanced scale.


If an equation has a variable you can check to see if a number is a solution to an equation by substituting the number in for the variable. If you get the same number on both sides, you have found a solution to the equation.
Example: EQUATION: $x+15=27$

Is $\mathrm{x}=12$ a solution?

$\mathrm{x}=12$ is a solution because $12+15=27$

## Is $x=10$ a solution?


$x=10$ is NOT a solution because $10+15 \neq 27$

## You Try:

1) Is $x=3$ a solution to the equation, $x+5=10$ ?
2) Is $y=5$ a solution to the equation, $\frac{30}{y}=6$ ??
3) Is $z=12$ a solution to the equation, $8 z=95$ ?

## You Try:

## Determine if the following value for the variable is a solution to

 the equation. Write yes or no.1) $9+x=21$, for $x=11$
2) $n-12=5$, for $n=17$
3) $25 r=75$, for $r=3$
4) $72 \div q=8$, for $q=9$
5) $28+c=43$, for $c=15$
6) $u \div 11=10$, for $u=111$
7) $\frac{k}{8}=4$, for $k=24$
8) $16 x=48$, for $x=3$
9) $73-f=29$, for $f=54$
10) $67-j=25$, for $j=42$
11) $39 \div v=13$, for $v=3$
12) $88+d=100$, for $d=2$
13) $14 p=20$, for $p=5$
14) $6 w=30$, for $w=5$
15) $7+x=70$, for $x=10$
16) $6 n=174$, for $n=29$

Replace each $\diamond$ with a number that makes the equation correct.
17) $5+1=2+\diamond$
18) $10-\diamond=12-7$
19) $\diamond \cdot 3=2 \cdot 9$
20) $28 \div 4=14 \div \diamond$
21) $\diamond+8=6+3$
22) $12 \cdot 0=\diamond \cdot 15$

## Solving Equations

There are many different ways to solve equations, but in general, the best way to solve an equation is to use inverse operations!

Inverse operations are opposite operations that "undo" each other.

Addition is the inverse operation of $\qquad$ and subtraction is the inverse operation of $\qquad$ —.

Multiplication is the inverse operation of $\qquad$ -.

## Steps to Solving Equations:

${ }^{\text {st }}$ Identify the $\qquad$ —.
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Apply the inverse operation to $\qquad$ sides of the equation to keep it balanced.

3rd Check your solution by substituting it back into the equation.


## Subtraction Property of Equality

Words If you subtract the same number from each side of an equation, the two sides remain equal.

## Examples

| Numbers | Algebra |
| ---: | :--- |
| $5=5$ | $x+2=3$ |
| $-3=-3$ | $-2=-2$ |
| $2=2$ | $x=1$ |

When you solve an equation by subtracting the same number from each side of the equation, you are using the Subtraction Property of Equality.

## Division Property of Equality

Words If you divide each side of an equation by the same nonzero number, the two sides remain equal.

## Examples

| Numbers | Algebra |
| :---: | :---: |
| $18=18$ | $3 x=12$ |
| $\frac{18}{6}=\frac{18}{6}$ | $\frac{3 x}{3}=\frac{12}{3}$ |
| $3=3$ | $x=4$ |

When you solve an equation by dividing both sides of the equation by the same number, you are using the Division Property of Equality.

## You Try:

1) $3 x=15$
2) $8=4 x$
3) $2 x=14$

## Multiplication Property of Equality

Words If you multiply each side of an equation by the same nonzero number, the two sides remain equal.

Examples

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Numbers } \\
& 3=3 \\
& 3(6)=3(6) \\
& 18=18
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Algebra } \\
& \frac{x}{4}=7 \\
& \frac{x}{4}(4)=7(4) \\
& x=28
\end{aligned}
$$

When you solve an equation by multiplying each side of the equation by the same number, you are using the Multiplication Property of Equality.

## You Try:

1) $\frac{x}{8}=9$
2) $\frac{y}{4}=8$
3) $\frac{m}{5}=9$

When you solve an equation by adding the same number to each side of the equation, you are using the Addition Property of Equality.

1) $x-7=4$
2) $y-6=8$
3) $9=a-5$
4) $9=a-5$

## You Try:

## More Equation Solving (+/-)

## More Equation Solving ( $\mathbf{x} / \div$ )

Solve each equation. Show ALL your work.

| 1$) x+4=51$ | $2) x-87=300$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3) $y-45=45$ | 4) $y+51=498$ |
| 5) $s+2.88=9$ | 6) $s-7.65=11.3$ |
|  |  |
| 7) $n-45 / 8=33 / 8$ | 8) $n+95 / 8=11 \frac{1}{4}$ |

Solve each equation. Show ALL your work.

| 1) $5 \mathrm{x}=250$ | 2) $\frac{y}{14}=7$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3) $\frac{n}{2}=19$ | 4) $\frac{1}{6} \mathrm{~g}=54$ |
| 5) $8.5 \mathrm{~b}=68$ | 6) $\frac{h}{6}=1.01$ |
| 7) $\frac{f}{4}=9.25$ | 8) $7 \mathrm{~s}=4.9$ |

## Equations Error Analysis

Sally is a silly little girl who makes mistakes! In Column \# 1, analyze her work and circle her mistake. In Column \#2, explain what she did wrong. In Column \#3, show how Silly Sally should work out the problem correctly. Show ALL work!

| Silly Sally's Work (Circle her mistake): | What did Silly Sally do wrong? | Show Silly Sally how it's done! (Show ALL steps!) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & x+5=28 \\ & +5 \quad+5 \\ & \hline x \quad=33 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} \frac{12 a}{12} & =\frac{108}{12} \\ a & =8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} w-42=18 \\ +18 \quad+18 \\ \hline w \quad=36 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \frac{y}{15}=3 \\ \div \div 15 \div 15 \\ \hline y=5 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{cc} x+23.45=32 \\ -\quad 23.45 & -23.45 \\ \hline x= & 9.45 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4 \frac{1}{2} b=36 \\ \cdot 4 \frac{1}{2} \quad \cdot 4 \frac{1}{2} \\ b=162 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |

## Equation Chains

## Complete each equation chain:

1) | $5+a=12$ | so $a=\square$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $a b=14$ | so $b=-\quad$. |
| $16 \div b=c$ | so $c=\square$ |
| $14-d=c$ | so $d=\square$ |
| $e \div d=3$ | so $e=\square$ |
| $a+e=25$ | check |
2) | $9 f=36$ | so $f=\square$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $g=13-f$ | so $g=\square$ |
| $63 \div g=h$ | so $h=\square$ |
| $h+i=18$ | so $i=\square$ |
| $j-i=9$ | so $j=\square$ |
| $j \div f=5$ | Check |
3) | $m \div 4=8$ | so $m=\square$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $m-n=12$ | so $n=-\quad$ |
| $n p=100$ | so $p=\square$ |
| $q=40+p$ | so $q=\square$ |
| $p+q-10=r$ | so $r=\square$ |
| $r-m=8$ | check |

Challenge: Create your own equation chain using these numbers for the variables: $a=10, b=6, c=18$ and $d=3$

## Solving One-Step Equations Problems

You can solve a word problem using one-step equations.

1) Figure out what you know and what you want to know. What you want to know will be represented by a variable.
2) Set up an equation to solve for the unknown (variable).
3) Use inverse operations to solve.
4) Don't forget to label your solution and write it as statement.

## Example:

Edgar jogs for 20 minutes. He stretched then jogs some more. Altogether, he jogs for 35 minutes. How far does he jog after he stretches?

What does your variable represent? $\qquad$ What operation is used in the equation? $\qquad$ What inverse operation will you use to solve? $\qquad$
Write the one-step equation to solve. $\qquad$

## Solution:

$\qquad$
Solution as a statement: $\qquad$

Pg.11a

## One-Step Equation Word Problems

For each problem, write the equation. Show ALL steps to solve.

1) Robyn had some video games, and then bought 13 more games. If she now has a total of 31 games, how many did she start out with?
2) Three friends found some money on the playground. They split the money evenly, and each person got \$14. How much money did they find on the playground?
3) Josh sent 574 text messages over the last 7 days. On average, how many text messages did he send each day?
4) In a recent presidential election, Ohio had 18 electoral votes. This is 20 votes less than Texas had, how many electoral votes did Texas have?
5) Angelica spent $\$ 1.60$ per mile in an Uber. If she paid a total of $\$ 8.80$, how many miles did she travel?
6) Laiyanna gave $3 / 14$ of her scrunchies to Lizzy. If she gave Lizzy 15 scrunchies, how many did Laiyanna begin with?
7) Do the equations $\frac{1}{5} y=25$ and $\frac{y}{5}=25$ have the same solutions? Show your work and explain your findings.

## Inequalities

An $\qquad$ is a mathematical sentence that compares two quantities. We use the symbols and wording below to write inequalities.

| Symbol | Meaning/Word Phrases | Example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<$ | is less than <br> is fewer than <br> is below | $3<5$ |$\quad$| is greater than |
| :---: |
| is more than |
| is above |$\quad 8>4$

Determining if a number is a solution to an inequality requires you to substitute the value into the inequality and check to see if the value makes the inequality true.

## Example:

The "Dollar Savers" store sells everything less than \$5. Would you be able to buy the following items at the "Dollar Savers" store? Use the inequality $x<5$ to substitute. Circle Yes or No.


Pg.13a

## You Try:

1) To ride a roller coaster, you must be at least 48 " tall. Write an inequality and substitute to determine who can ride the roller coaster. Circle Yes or No.


Silly Steve Yes ${ }^{40^{\prime \prime}}$ No


Cool Carl

Laughing Lou


Laughing Lou


Toothy Tim 52"

Circle all of the values that will satisfy each of the given inequalities.

| 2) $y>8$ | 6 | 8 | 9 | 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3) $m \leq 525$ | 525 | 510 | 500 | 650 |
| 4) $c<22$ | 12 | 25 | 30 | 22 |
| 5) $f \geq 80$ | 81 | 0 | 75 | 80 |
| 6) $g \geq 27$ | 27 | 26 | 25 | 20 |
| 7) $n<16$ | 15 | 10 | 0 | 16 |
| 8) $a>48$ | 36 | 48 | 24 | 64 |
| 9) $z \leq 100$ | 55 | 3 | 110 | 100 |

## Writing Inequalities

Inequalities can be written to represent many situations.

## Examples:

## There are at least 25 students in the auditorium.

$\mathrm{n} \geq 25$ "at least" means greater than or equal to
n represents the number of students in the auditorium

## No more than 150 people can occupy the room.

$r \leq 150$ "no more than" means less than or equal to
r represents the possible room capacity

## You Try:

## Write an inequality for each given situation.

1) You cannot eat more than 2 pieces of your Halloween candy per day.
2) There are less than 15 people in the room.
3) There are at most 12 books on a shelf.
4) There are fewer than 200 people at the game.
5) You must get at least 30 minutes of exercise each day.
6) You must be at least 15 years old to get your driver's permit.
7) A pony is less than 14.2 hands tall.
8) You must be over 12 years old to ride the go karts.
9) The pig weighs at most 220 pounds.
10) Every candy bar costs at least $\$ 2.20$.
11) You must complete at least $80 \%$ of your homework to attend the Homework Stars Celebration.
12) There are no more than seven people on the boat.
13) More than 40 people attended the movie last night.
14) You must be under 54 " to ride the kiddie rides at Six Flags.
15) Getting at least 8 hours of sleep at night keeps you healthy.

## Graphing Inequalities

Inequalities can be graphed on a number line to illustrate all of the possible solutions.
$\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ draw a number line and include the number in your inequality.
$\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ draw an open or closed dot on the number (depending on which inequality symbol is in the inequality. Use an open dot ( 0 ) if the inequality has the greater than (>) or less than (<) symbol. Use a solid dot (•) if the inequality has the greater than or equal to $(\geq)$ or less than or equal to $(\leq)$ symbol.
$\mathbf{3}^{\text {rd }}$ draw a line and an arrow that shows all of the possible solutions.

## Examples:

## $\boldsymbol{n}>\mathbf{9}$

Place an open dot at 9. Then draw a line and an arrow to the right.


The values that lie on the line make the sentence true. All numbers greater than 9 make the sentence true.
equal to means included
$n \leq 10$
Place a closed dot at 10. Then draw a line and an arrow to the left.


All numbers 10 and less make the sentence true.

## TIP: If you keep the variable on the LEFT, the arrow at the end of your number line looks just like your inequality symbol.

## You Try:

Graph the following inequalities on a number line. Then write a word phrase to describe each inequality.

1) $n \leq-5$
2) $n \leq 5$


3) $n<1$
$-7-6-5-4-3-2-11012234567$

4) $n>5$
$\overleftrightarrow{-7}-6$

5) $n \geq-7$

6) $n<0$


## More Practice with Inequalities

## Write an inequality for each problem \& graph on a number line.

1) Students must score at least 800 to pass the CRCT.
2) You must be shorter than 48 " to ride the kiddie train.

3) You should brush your teeth at least twice a day.
$\qquad$
4) A good credit score is higher than 699.
$\qquad$
5) Classes can have no more than 34 students.
6) AJ needs to save more than $\$ 500$.
$\qquad$
7) A book costs less than $\$ 20$

## More Inequalities Practice

| 1) Which number is a solution to the inequality below? $x>4$ <br> a) 1 <br> b) 2 <br> c) 4 <br> d) 5 | 2) Which number is NOT a solution to the inequality below? <br> $x \leq 8$ <br> a) 6 <br> b) 7 <br> c) 8 <br> d) 9 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3) Which statement describes "a number more than 22 "? <br> a) $x<22$ <br> b) $x>22$ <br> c) $x \leq 22$ <br> d) $x \geq 22$ | 4) Which statement describes "a number less than or equal to 43 "? <br> a) $x<43$ <br> b) $x>43$ <br> c) $x \leq 43$ <br> d) $x>43$ |
| 5) Which statement describes " a number no more than 17 "? <br> a) $x<17$ <br> b) $x>17$ <br> c) $x \leq 17$ <br> d) $x \geq 17$ | 6) Which statement describes "at least 32 "? <br> a) $x<32$ <br> b) $x>32$ <br> c) $x \leq 32$ <br> d) $x \geq 32$ |
| 7) Which number is a solution to $x+4>12$ <br> a) 3 <br> b) 5 <br> c) 7 <br> d) 9 | 8) Which number is NOT a solution to $\quad x-3<10$ <br> a) 7 <br> b) 8 <br> c) 10 <br> d) 14 |
| 9) Which number is a solution to $\quad 3 x>12$ <br> a) 4 <br> b) 5 <br> c) 2 <br> d) 3 | 10) Which number is NOT a solution to $2 x \leq 10$ <br> a) 3 <br> b) 4 <br> c) 5 <br> d) 6 |
| 11) Which inequality matches the graph below? <br> a) $n>1$ <br> b) $\mathrm{n} \leq 1$ <br> c) $n \geq 1$ <br> d) $n \geq-1$ | 12) Which inequality matches the graph below? <br> a) $v>-3$ <br> b) $v>3$ <br> c) $v \leq-3$ <br> d) $v<3$ |

Putining lit All Tegether...
What exactly is birect Varīution?

1) How many gigabytes can be stored on 0 iPod Nanos? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$5 ?$ $\qquad$
12 ? $\qquad$
2) If you hove enough iPod Nanos to hold 80 GB , how many of them do you have? $\qquad$
3) Fill in the table:

| $X$ (\# of iPods) | 0 | 2 |  |  | 25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $Y$ (total G8) |  |  | 64 | 160 |  |

4) What is the direct variation equation (in the terms of $\mathrm{y}=(\mathrm{k}$ )? $\qquad$
5) Based on this problem, answer the following. (Hint: Refer to the table in \#3.)
a. In words, what does the input (x) represent? $\qquad$
b. In words, what does the output (y) represent? $\qquad$
c. In words, what does the constant (k) represent? $\qquad$
6) As the number of Pod Nanss increases, the total number of gigabytes $\qquad$ -
7) Look at the values in the table on \#3. Write each set of (xyy) values as an ordered pair.
(0, 0)
12. 

$\qquad$
8) Graph these ordered pairs below. Giggbytes on ipod Nanos


## Practice with Functions and Tables



Practice input/Outout- Using the given rules, find the missing $x$ and $y$ values.

1) $y=9 x$

| x | 0 |  | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y |  | 18 |  |  |  |

2) $y=12 x$

| $x$ | 1 |  | 6 |  | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ |  | 48 |  | 120 |  |

3) $y=1.25 x$

| $x$ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ |  |  |  |  |  |

4) $y=\frac{2}{5} x$

| x | 0 | 4 | 9 |  | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| y |  |  |  | 4 |  |

Practice Writing Rules: Using the given values, determine the equations in terms of $y=k x$
5) Equation: $\qquad$ -
How do you know this equation works?
6) Equation:
How do you know this equation wor How do you know this equation works?
$\qquad$

| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 |

$\qquad$

| $x$ | 0 | 9 | 12 | 21 | 27 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 0 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 |

1) Rhea is purchasing tickets to a One Direction concert. Tickets cost $\$ 35$ apiece. Since tickets cost $\$ 35$, that is the $\qquad$ because this won't change.

## $X$ is the input (or independent variable), and this is the number of tickets purchased.

$Y$ is the output (or dependent variable), and this is the total cost.
Since the constant is 35 , the equation is $\qquad$
Rule: $y=35 x$

| $X$ (\# tickets) | 0 | 2 | 3 |  | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $Y$ (total cost) |  |  |  | 140 |  |


2) Rocky is saving up for a new Tony Hawk game for his Wii. He earns $\$ 7.50$ for each chore he does.

## What is k , the constant?

$\qquad$

## X , the input, is the number of chores Rocky completes.

$Y$, the output, is the amount of money Rocky makes.

## What is the equation?

$\qquad$
Using this rule/equation, fill in the values in the table below.

| $X$ (\#chores completed) |  | 2 |  | 15 | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $Y$ (total money earned) | 0 |  | 75 |  |  |

3) There are 37 boys in the drama club. They want to buy new props, $s 0$ they are all going to pitch in money. They all want to pitch in the same amount.

K , the constant, is 37 . This number is not going to ghange.
The amount that each boy brings in is the input, or the $\qquad$ value.

The total amount raised is the output, or the $\qquad$ value.
What is the equation? $\qquad$ 2108
Using this rule/equation, fill in the values in the table below.

| $X$ (amount each boy brings) | 0 | 3 | 5 | 8.50 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $Y$ (total amount raised) |  |  |  |  | 370 |

4) Notice that direct variation ALWAYS uses the formula $y=k x$,

Therefore, when $x=0, y$ ALWAYS equals $\qquad$ !

